

# TAKING ROOT

FOSTERING COMMUNITY RESILIENCE  
THROUGH A NATIVE MEDICINAL GARDEN

Ciudad Romero, Bajo Lempa, El Salvador

**AFFILIATION:** University of Washington Urban Design and Planning

**CLIENT:** ECOPA

**CONTRIBUTION:** Individual student project

**MEDIA:** GIS, AutoCad, SketchUp, Illustrator, Photoshop

## HEALTH CONCERNS

In 2008, El Salvador registered the world's **HIGHEST** mortality rate from **KIDNEY FAILURE**.

In the village of Ciudad Romero, almost **EVERY FAMILY** has at least one member dying of **CHRONIC KIDNEY DISEASE**.

## ETHNOMEDICINE

A Survey in Ciudad Romero and two neighboring villages showed that **64%** of adult residents use **MEDICINAL PLANTS**

**21%** of residents obtained medicinal plants from the **NANCUCHINAME FOREST**

This project targets Ciudad Romero, a rural resettlement community in El Salvador adjacent to the Nancuchiname Forest. The community is located in an area rich in environmental resources that is being rapidly destroyed by unsustainable land practices. The residents lack economic resources and their subsistence depend directly on their surrounding environment. The destruction of the land is not only damaging to the long term viability of the community, it is also causing detrimental health problems to community members reflected in its high rates of kidney disease. This studio examined ways to create viable and sustainable community economic development strategies that could also strengthen the social fabric of the struggling town. My project uses a native medicinal garden to catalyze community development and symbolize resilience.



## REGIONAL ISSUES

### CONSEQUENCES OF UNSUSTAINABLE LAND MANAGEMENT

- Increased deforestation
- Exacerbated Flooding
- Diminished water tables & polluted water sources
- Damaged local crops from pesticide drift
- Kidney deficiency and respiratory ailments

## FOREST RESOURCES

### ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES

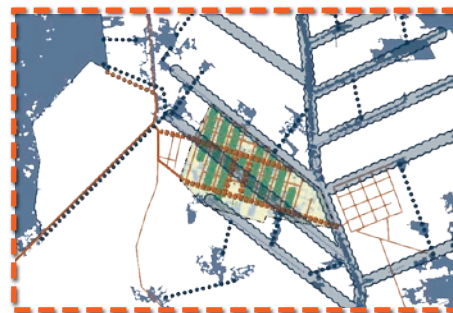
- Carbon sinks
- Flood buffer
- Biodiversity

### ECONOMIC + CULTURAL RESOURCES

- Tourism
- Edible & medicinal plants
- Raw materials

## COMMUNITY SCALE STRATEGY

### SUPPORTIVE GREEN NETWORK



- Vegetating along canals
- Identifying large forest patches
- Connecting large patches
- Better road access
- Enhancing Streetscape
- Network of backyard orchards

### UNIQUELY USULUTAN



- Ornamental garden
- Permaculture garden
- Edible garden
- Medicinal garden

## COMMUNITY CONNECTIONS



### BUS STOP

Supports medicinal garden as a destination for regional foot traffic



### LA COORDINADORA

Provide human resources and training to guide programming & management for capacity building



### GREEN HOUSE

Can be used to grow seedlings and propagate medicinal plant species for garden



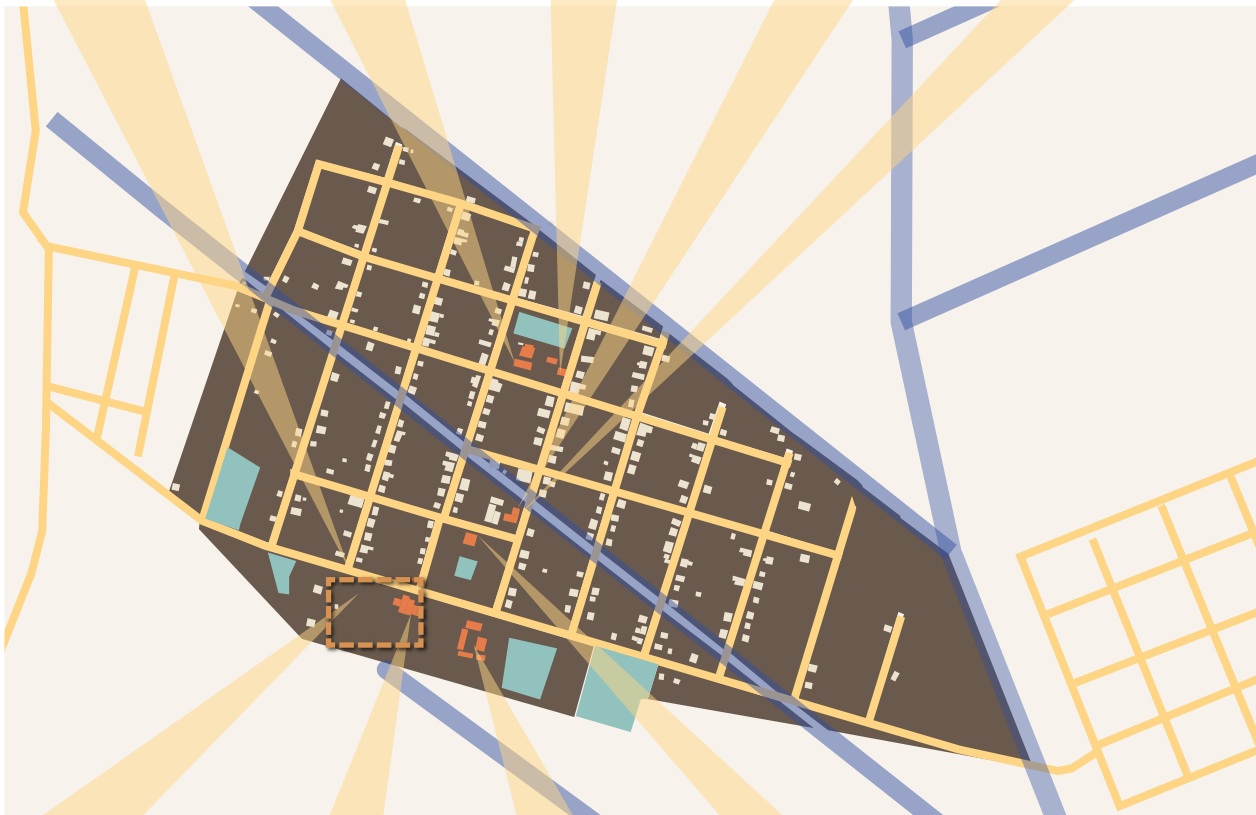
### WOMEN'S CENTER

Organize herbal medicine and garden training programs for women at medicinal garden



### CAFETERIA

Harvest and use culinary herbs from medicinal garden



### MEDICINAL GARDEN

Provides herbal medicine from native plants for use or to sell at markets while offering educational, leadership and technical programming opportunities to targeted populations.



### CLINIC

Use plants for alternative medicine, garden as healing space for patients, families, and staff



### K8 SCHOOL

Use medicinal garden as a resource for environmental education & technical training for youth



### MARKET

A place for residents to buy & sell herbs and added value products from medicinal garden



### HOUSEHOLDS

Attain cuttings or seeds from medicinal garden to grow at home, increasing access to herbal medicine

## OPPORTUNITIES



### ENHANCE LOCAL ECONOMY

- Creates added value products
- Increases trade at local market
- Supports local businesses



### SUPPORT ECOLOGICAL FUNCTION

- Native plants create habitat
- Preserve local biodiversity



### EQUITY THROUGH PROGRAMMING

- Provide accessible medicine
- Environmental education
- Technical training to women & youth



### PRESERVE CULTURAL PRACTICE

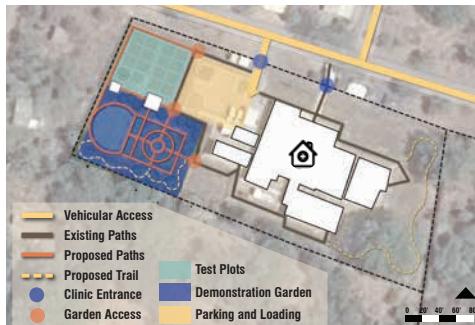
- Local plant knowledge
- Highlights local landscape aesthetics
- Serves as regional attraction

### TECHNICAL TRAINING

- Medicinal plant identification and usage
- Sustainable garden management
- Preparation of raised beds
- Planting and transplanting techniques
- Production of organic fertilizer
- Production of organic pesticides
- Production of added-value products



## SITE DESIGN



## SITE PLAN & PHASING



Due to the economic constraints of the community, a rudimentary phasing plan was laid out to outline a more feasible sequence of implementing the garden.

PHASE I: Seed collection + plant propagation

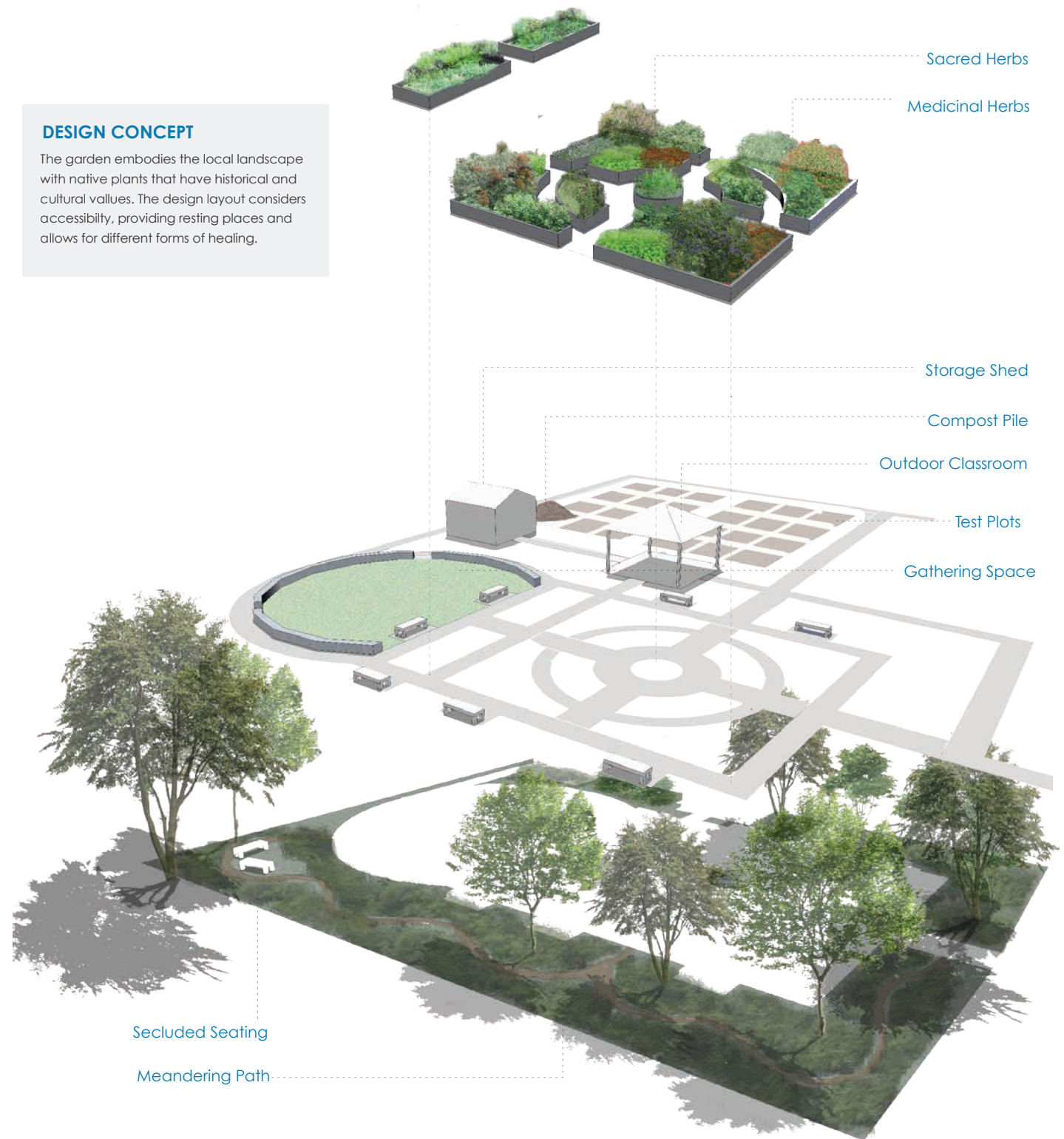
PHASE II: Formalized demonstration gardens

PHASE III: Trees + peripheral planting

PHASE IV: Shade structure/outdoor classroom

## DESIGN CONCEPT

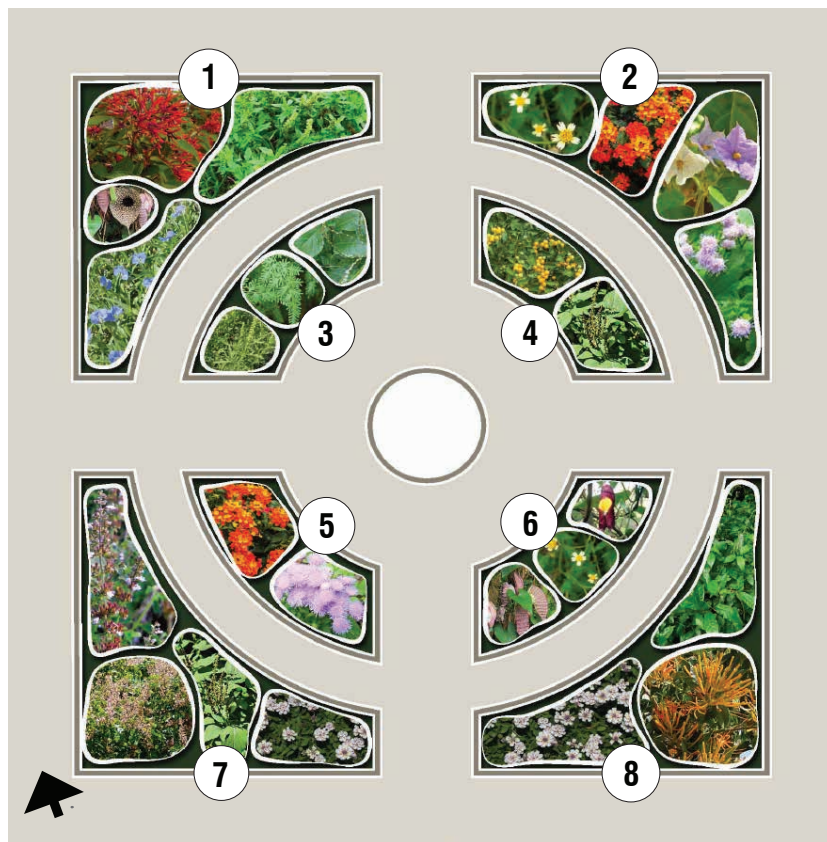
The garden embodies the local landscape with native plants that have historical and cultural values. The design layout considers accessibility, providing resting places and allows for different forms of healing.



## MEDICINAL GARDEN PLANTING DESIGN & PLANT PALETTE

All of the selected species were reported to have been collected by locals from the Nancuchiname Forest<sup>3</sup>. They are native plants with medicinal properties that are known and valuable to local community members. The preservation of these plants as well as the local knowledge regarding their properties are critical for the resilience of the natural and cultural landscape, and the health of the community.

The medicinal garden is an example of a small-scale project that can be extended into households and replicated throughout the community as well as in other communities. It provides a model of how local actions can begin to have a regional impact on the health of the people and the environment.



### 1 Dermatology

*Amaranthus spinosus*  
*Aristolochia grandiflora*  
*Commelina erecta*  
*Hamelia patens*

Treats skin conditions  
& infections, eczema

### 2 Infectious Diseases



*Ageratum conyzoides*  
*Tridax procumbens*  
*Solanum myriacanthum*  
*Lantana camara*

Treats bacterial, fungal  
& viral infections



### 3 Diabetic/ Metabolic

*Ambrosia cumanensis*  
*Lygodium* spp.  
*Petiveria alliacea*

Supports kidneys &  
metabolic function

### 4 Anti-Cancer



*Amaranthus viridis*  
*Solanum diphyllum*

Contains anti-cancer  
properties



### 5 Respiratory

*Ageratum conyzoides*  
*Lantana camara*

Treats cough &  
respiratory infections

### 6 Immunity



*Aristolochia anguicida*  
*Aristolochia grandiflora*  
*Petiveria alliacea*

Supports immune function,  
anti-inflammatory



### 7 Gastrointestinal

*Amaranthus viridis*  
*Hyptis mutabilis*  
*Lippia* spp.  
*Machaerium riparium*

Treats digestive  
problems

### 8 Cardiology



*Lippia* spp.  
*Psittacanthus calyculatus*  
*Petiveria alliacea*

Treats hypertension &  
cardiovascular diseases